

MAILS  
From San Francisco:  
Nippon Maru, Jan. 29.  
For San Francisco:  
Manoa, Feb. 1.  
From Vancouver:  
Makura, Feb. 23.  
For Vancouver:  
Makura, Feb. 4.

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## ANTI-GERMAN DEMONSTRATIONS REPORTED IN SWITZERLAND; MOBS ANGRY

### STATE DEPARTMENT NOTIFIES POWERS GUNS SHOULD NOT BE CARRIED ON MERCHANT SHIPS

### Barred From Ports Except Under Rules of Warships

UNCLE SAM WOULD SECURE INTERNATIONAL PACT WHICH WILL SAFEGUARD NEUTRALS AND NON-COMBATANTS FROM SUBMARINE SLAUGHTER—MORE THAN HALF MILLION BRITISH CASUALTIES TO DATE—FRENCH HUNTING HOSTILE SUBMARINE BASES ON ASIA MINOR COAST—ENGLISH LABOR BODY WANTS REVISION OF MUNITIONS ACT

[Associated Press Service by Federal Wireless.]  
PARIS, France, Jan. 28.—Despatches from Geneva declare that serious anti-German demonstrations broke out yesterday at Lausanne, Switzerland, during which large crowds surged up and down the streets, shouting angrily. The demonstrations became so menacing that the police used their sabers to quell the crowds. A German flag which was being flown in honor of the kaiser's birthday was torn down and the crowds sang the "Marseillaise" spiritedly.

LONDON, Eng., Jan. 28.—Proclamations have been posted here calling to the colors eight more groups of those attested available for military service under the Lord Derby recruiting plan. Men of the ages from 27 to 35 have been summoned to the colors by February 29.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 28.—A new and important policy is today being enunciated by the United States which will affect all belligerents and which, it is hoped, will result in a general agreement or understanding that will safeguard the lives of neutrals and non-combatants at sea.

The United States is sending to each of the belligerent nations notes asking them to make a general agreement which will "square their submarine warfare principles with humanity and law."

This agreement is that their merchant ships shall not go to sea armed, and that merchant vessels shall not be attacked by submarines without warning, nor without affording guarantees of safety for those aboard.

In its note, the United States says that merchant ships should carry no armament whatever.

The Powers are notified that unless they subscribe to such principles, the United States will issue orders denying to armed merchant vessels entry into any American port, except under the conditions applying to warships. No armed merchant vessel may remain in an American port longer than 24 hours nor coal other than the regulated period for war-vessels.

### British Laborites Oppose Compulsion But Won't Agitate For Repeal of Bill

(Star-Bulletin Special by Mutual Wireless.)  
LONDON, Eng., Jan. 28.—The labor union conference at Bristol, after adopting yesterday resolutions against compulsory military service, declined to countenance any agitation for a repeal of the pending military service bill, lest the government be embarrassed in its prosecution of the war. The conference further went on record for a revision of the munitions act, to "prevent the pretext of war being used for the greater coercion and subjection of labor."

### France Seeking Enemy Submarines

PARIS, France, Jan. 28.—Presumably in further efforts to seek out the hostile submarine bases on the Mediterranean sea and adjacent waters, the French have landed soldiers on the Antiphilo coast of Asia Minor and captured the Turkish garrison there. The continued appearance of submarines in the Mediterranean has convinced the Allies that in some manner bases had been established on the islands or somewhere on the little-known coasts.

### Colonel House Talks With Germans

BERLIN, Germany, Jan. 28.—Col. E. M. House, President Wilson's special emissary to the warring capitals, today began a series of "conversations" with German officials, the first being at a luncheon in the American embassy. The American point of view is being impressed on the belligerents.

### British Casualties Over Half Million

LONDON, Eng., Jan. 28.—Mortality statistics for the war to date, on the British side, were made public in a statement today by Premier Asquith. The total casualties amount to more than half a million killed, wounded, missing and prisoners. Up to January 9 the total was 549,476, of whom 24,122 were officers.

LONDON, Eng., Jan. 28.—Reports yesterday that Great Britain has altered its position regarding the operation of German-owned ships, and is inclined to be more lenient in this respect, were today denied. Great Britain's position is unchanged, it is declared.

### Boston Lawyer for Supreme Court



Louis D. Brandeis.

[Associated Press by Federal Wireless.]  
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 28.—Louis Dembitz Brandeis, noted Boston lawyer, author and economist, was today appointed by President Wilson as associate justice of the U. S. supreme court to succeed the late Joseph R. Lamar.

The nomination of Mr. Brandeis was a complete surprise to official circles as he had not before been mentioned in connection with the position. The names of A. Mitchell Palmer of Pennsylvania, ex-President Taft, Senator Elihu Root and others had been heard but it was not known that the president was considering Brandeis.

The new appointee was born at Louisville in 1856 and admitted to the bar in 1878, taking his law degree at Harvard. He has practiced at Boston since 1879 and has won a nationwide reputation as a brilliant student and practitioner, being particularly well known for his municipal fights in Boston and his appearances before the Interstate Commerce Commission and other bodies. He is an authority on franchises, rates and similar technical subjects.

Brandeis is the first Jew ever appointed to the U. S. supreme bench. He is regarded in Washington as an eminent authority on scientific management and labor trust questions. He was counsel for Louis Glavis in the Ballinger-Pinchot investigation which resulted in the retirement of Richard A. Ballinger as secretary of the interior, and was at the forefront in demanding an investigation of the affairs of the New Haven railroad.

### CITY SCHOONER BELIEVED LOST WITH ALL HANDS

Oakland Garbage Carrier Goes Out Despite Gale, and is Wrecked

[Associated Press by Federal Wireless.]  
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 28.—The wreckage of the steam schooner Aberdeen, which carries away garbage from Oakland, was found on the beach today two and one-half miles south of the harbor entrance. The Aberdeen went out last night, despite the gale, with a load of garbage to be dumped at sea.

The captain, chief officer, chief engineer, a sanitary inspector and four sailors are all believed lost.

### STEAMER APPAM MAY BE VICTIM

[Associated Press by Federal Wireless.]  
LONDON, Eng., Jan. 28.—The British steamer Appam has not been reported yet, though she is long overdue. The Appam left Dakar, West Africa, for Plymouth on January 11, and may have struck a mine or been torpedoed.

The Appam carried 166 passengers and a crew of 124.

A despatch to Lloyd's Agency says that the British steamer Tregantle on January 16 passed a lifeboat bearing the name "Appam" on it.

The Appam is a twin screw steamer of 7781 gross tonnage. She was built in 1913 by Harland & Wolff, Belfast, Ireland, and is owned by the British & African Steam Navigation Co., Ltd. Her home port is Liverpool, Eng.

The body of a six week's old baby boy was found in a suit case at the Grand Central station, New York City. The suit case had been checked on Dec. 27.

### CHINESE REBELS CAPTURE SINGAN, SHENSI CAPITAL

Yuan Tries to Call German Consul to Account for Recognition of Rebel Cause

### HONOLULU CHINESE EAGERLY SCAN NEWS

Nationalists Expect Power of President in the North to Wane

(Special Cable to Liberty News)  
SHANGHAI, China, Jan. 28.—After an eight hours engagement, the revolutionary forces succeeded in forcing their way into Singan, the capital of Shensi province, yesterday, and the garrison is now in the hands of the revolutionists. The attack was made by soldiers from the districts near the capital, and the monarchists made a strong stand, but were outnumbered.

The military governor of this province is reported missing, and it is believed that he has made his way to Honan. This province is the third province in the north that has gone over to the revolutionists and only Chili and parts of Shansi remain to be attacked by the rebels.

Revolutionary troops from Yunnan made an attack on two strongholds in the province of Hunan, and have already captured three districts in this province. Chang Sha, the capital, is still in the hands of Yuan's troops, and it is the one stronghold of the monarchists in this province. Yuan troops will make an attack on the capital city this week, according to late reports.

Yuan Shih-Kai, fearing that the troops of Chang Sha may go over to the revolutionists, has ordered the troops of Yao Chao to relieve them.

Yuan Shih-Kai ordered the secretary of foreign affairs in Peking to confer with the German minister there. The German minister stated today why many recognized Yuan Shih-Kai. The German minister stated that according to international law the nation had a perfect right to recognize the Yunnan government as independent.

When the news reached Honolulu this morning that the province of Shensi had gone over to the revolutionists, hundreds of Chinese in sympathy with the National party movement gathered in front of the big bulletin board of the Liberty News to read the results.

One Chinese said this morning, as he finished reading the news from China: "Now that Shensi has joined Shansi and Shantung, Yuan's power in the north of China is decreasing. It would not be surprising to hear of revolutionary victories in Chili or Honan."

### REPORT BRITAIN YIELDS TO JAPAN POWER IN ORIENT

[Associated Press by Federal Wireless.]  
BERLIN, Germany, Jan. 28.—The Frankfurter Zeitung says today that Far Eastern advices are correct in stating that a special agreement has been reached between Japan and Great Britain, giving Japan a preponderance of influence and interests in the Far East.

### HARBOR BOARD WILL NOT BUY CONVEYOR MACHINE; NO MONEY

By vote of the harbor commissioners at a meeting this afternoon, all bids for the electric sugar conveyor machinery on Kihulo wharf were rejected, on the grounds that the commission does not have enough money in the appropriation to both purchase and install the machinery. The Hawaiian Electric Company was the lowest bidder on the work.

Alexander & Baldwin was awarded the contract on the two pilot boats for Kahului and Hilo at \$6580. A letter read before the board previous to the award from this company stated that their bid was on the original proposal, not on a modified proposal later decided upon by the board and forwarded to the company's representatives in Seattle.

After much time spent in rummaging about over the minutes of past meetings the board decided to award the contract to the company, on the advice of Deputy Attorney-general Smith, who was called in on the question.

The American commercial attaché at The Hague, Erwin W. Thompson, states that it is reported that an import trust has been organized in Göteborg, Sweden, for the special purpose of importing cotton for domestic consumption.

### HUGE DAMAGE BY CALIFORNIA WIND

Oil-Field Rigs About Bakersfield Torn Down; Floods in Arkansas

[Associated Press by Federal Wireless.]  
BAKERSFIELD, Cal., Jan. 28.—Six hundred oil rigs have been torn down by the terrific winds here. The damage will amount to more than \$1,000,000.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 28.—Hundreds of Arkansans are homeless and thousands of acres of land have been inundated along the lower reaches of the White and Arkansas rivers. The storm is the worst in 25 years. The Arkansas river is four miles wide at Mulberry.

### DRIFT TO CITY BIG PROBLEM OF CHARITY WORK

Associated Charities Will Need at Least \$11,000 This Year; Annual Meeting Held

That the work of the Associated Charities increased by leaps and bounds during the fiscal year just closed, and that other organizations and institutions in Honolulu are seeking greater and more urgent aid from it, and at the same time lending their own cooperation, is shown in reports presented at the annual meeting of the association held this afternoon.

Owing to the great growth of the work, it is estimated that at least \$10,000 or \$11,000 will be needed to finance the organization during the coming year, but there is some feeling, it is reported, that even this large sum will be insufficient. The organization already has received the approval of the Chamber of Commerce to secure subscriptions up to \$11,000.

The statistical report presented by E. E. Brooks, manager of the association, shows that during the year just closed, 47 societies and individuals accepted whole or partial care. Care for Many Cases.

Those accepting care for the largest number of cases were Strangers' Friend Society, 60; Catholic Ladies' Aid Society, 25; Immigration Station, 43; Hawaiian Relief Society, 37; Palama district nurses, 31; Leahi Home, 11; Seamen's Institute, 11; Salvation

### HAWAII WOMEN IN NAVY LEAGUE NOW NUMBER 700

Seven hundred is now the membership of the Hawaii chapter, Woman's Branch of the Navy League, it was reported today by Mrs. J. Morton Riggs, chairman of the membership committee.

Mrs. Riggs, who is attaining remarkable success in her work to build up the membership of the league, asks that within the next few days the entire 1000 list be filled out.

Membership pledges may be secured at the Hawaiian Trust Company offices, or arrangements may be made by telephoning Mrs. Riggs at 2459. It is desirable to secure the 1000 membership at once and the local branch is very anxious to report to national headquarters that it has filled its quota in such a short time.

### NO "OPEN DOOR" POLICY FOR JAPANESE FISH IN CALIFORNIA STREAMS

(Special Cable to Hawaii Shippo.)  
SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 28.—Although many Americans have come to like the loach, a Japanese fish that has been introduced into the United States, the Fish Commission of California today decided that the fish should not be imported here as they do nothing to keep the rivers clean. The fish are very palatable and an effort had been made to plant them in the rivers of California.

Fred Belmont of the detective bureau today was sworn as Spanish interpreter for the territorial grand jury.

### FOR SALE

A 5-passenger car and roadster in good condition. Tel. 3230.

### NEW YORK STOCK MARKET TODAY

Following are the closing prices of stocks on the New York market today, sent by the Associated Press over the Federal Wireless:

	Today	Yesterday
Alaska Gold	24	24 1/2
American Smelter	101 1/2	101 3/4
American Sug. Rfg.	113 1/2	113 1/2
American Tel. & Tel.	127 1/2	127
Atchafson	105 1/2	105 1/2
Baldwin Loco. ex div.	109 1/2	107 1/2
Baltimore & Ohio	89 1/2	89 1/2
Bethlehem Steel	470	460
Calif. Petroleum	30 1/2	30 1/2
Canadian Pacific	169 1/2	169 1/2
C. M. & St. P. (St. Paul)	96 1/2	96 1/2
Col. Fuel & Iron	45 1/2	44 1/2
Crucible Steel	71 1/2	67 1/2
Erie Common	36 1/2	36 1/2
General Electric	171	170 1/2
General Motors	460 bid	470
Great Northern Pfd.	121 1/2	121
Intern'l Harv., N. J.	111 1/2	110
New York Central	105 1/2	106 1/2
Pennsylvania	58	57 1/2
Southern Pacific	100 1/2	100 1/2
Studebaker	149	150 1/2
Tennessee Copper	57 1/2	57
Union Pacific	134 1/2	134 1/2
U. S. Steel	83 1/2	83 1/2
U. S. Steel Pfd.	118	118
Western Union	89 1/2	89
Westinghouse Electric	66	66

### CHILE THINKS INTERVENTION SURE TO COME

Great South American Nation Looks to U. S. to Establish Order in Mexico

That the people of Chile and other South American countries, while not welcoming the idea of United States intervention in Mexico, have come to regard it as inevitable, so that if it does take place they will not be surprised, was stated this afternoon by Onkichi Hayashi, one of the two commissioners from Japan, at the Japanese government's exhibition of Japanese manufactures, held in Santiago, Chile, in September and October. S. Marimoto is the director-general. Both are returning to Japan on the Anyo Maru, sailing this evening.

"It would be impossible to give Mexico a free hand," said Mr. Hayashi. "There must be intervention, perhaps not the military kind. Mexico wants some instruction, and the United States could give it."

The Japanese commissioner said the people of Chile feel that President Wilson's recognition of Carranza is the most important step towards ultimate peace in Mexico yet accomplished, as it prevented many more months of struggle between Carranza and Villa, who were evenly matched, he thought, until the American government lent its moral support to the First Chief.

Branches of American banks are necessary in Chile if Americans hope to obtain any trade there, Mr. Morimoto stated. He said there are Spanish, English, German and Italian bank branches there now, but no American banks, although he heard that a representative of the National City Bank of New York was in Chile looking over conditions, with an eye to perhaps establishing a branch.

The commissioner said Japan has been buying 30,000 tons of nitrate a year from Chile, costing \$1,500,000, payment being made in London exchange. He said Chile is experiencing prosperity because of the war.

The case of Jose Ratanat, charged with assault with a dangerous weapon, is believed to have been investigated by the territorial grand jury this afternoon.

### WILL STAMP OUT TUBERCULOSIS IN CATTLE IN YEAR

Complete Eradication on Oahu Expected By End of 1916, Says Norgaard Report

### PORK PACKING PLANT WILL SOON BE NEEDED

Hog Business Developing on Islands at Amazing Rate; Cholera Well in Hand

So decided has been the improvement in the situation regarding bovine tuberculosis in the islands during 1915 that there is good hope for the complete eradication of the disease by the end of this year, according to a statement made by Territorial Veterinarian Victor A. Norgaard, in his report to the board of agriculture and forestry, which held its regular monthly meeting this morning.

"With the slaughter and segregation of all the reactors, and with the thorough disinfection of all premises where reactors have been found, it may safely be claimed that at least 90 per cent of the local dairies are now, at the end of 1915, free from tubercular infection," says Dr. Norgaard in his report.

"Equally satisfactory conditions can be reported from the other islands where the new sanitary code of the territorial board of health has supplied the long needed authority for a vigorous campaign against the disease."

Eradication is Sure.

According to the veterinarian three deputies on the other islands are cooperating with the representatives of the health board in a manner which is sure to bring about the complete eradication of the disease.

"Under these conditions," he says, "the complete eradication of bovine tuberculosis will require only the cooperation of the owners of the few remaining herds where the infection still persists in order to be an accomplished fact by the end of 1916."

Dr. Norgaard says that the over-production of milk in certain localities is a sure sign that the campaign has caused little hardship to result, with the possible exception of consumers in the poorer classes.

Will Have to Pack Pork.

So rapidly is the hog business developing that it will not be long until pork packing will have to be established here as a permanent industry, according to the doctor. Already the increase has caused a lowering in the price paid to producers, though as yet it has hardly affected the consumer.

Hog cholera is being well suppressed by the aid of serum injections, and Sudan grass is coming into prominence for hog feed in pastures. Swill is valuable for its high nutritive properties, though it is always more or less dangerous for young animals.

Routine reports were submitted at the meeting by other divisions as follows: Division of entomology, E. M. Ehrhorn, superintendent and inspector; division of forestry, C. S. Judd, superintendent and executive officer of the board, and David Haugh, nurseryman; division of hydrography, George K. Larsson, superintendent. More Animals Condemned.

One per cent more dairy animals were condemned in 1915 than in 1914, as the result of the tuberculin tests according to the December report of Leonard N. Case, assistant territorial veterinarian, presented at the Jan. 27 meeting.

### THE POWER OF ADVERTISING

(From System for January, 1916)

If there are still men who ask the question "Does it pay to advertise?" I know their thinking is of the kind that would lead them to light factories with candles and insist upon the advantages which would accrue if the residents of modern cities still drew their water supply by bucket from the town well.

When nations in the greatest struggle of history advertise for armies; when kings and emperors and sultans come down from their thrones to seek the attention of the world and present their pleas and defenses through the press; when it has become the daily bread of a large part of the world's business, it is indeed a man of limited mentality who still questions the power of publicity. Its value to society has, in fact, so impressed itself that today publicity is the light of the world. It may be said, with little element of speculation in the assertion, that if publicity had characterized dealings between the nations of Europe during the past 50 years, and secret diplomacy had been eliminated, the present world war, with its terrorism and threat to all civilization, would not now be raging.

JOHN H. FAHEY,  
President of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States.